Data relating to licensing application Ref: 36286

Summary

This document provides an overview of the available data relating to Lilburne Walk Local's (67 Lilburne Walk, London, NW10 0TW) alcohol license application.

Below, the publicly available datasets have been linked to the four statutory licensing objectives: prevention of crime and disorder; public safety; the prevention of public nuisance; and protection of children from harm.

The data provided shows relatively high levels of risk in the area surrounding 67 Lilburne Walk. From a public health perspective, health risks could be exacerbated by increased access to licensed premises.¹

Prevention of crime and disorder

In 2021, there were 2,627 offences recorded in the Stonebridge ward, the highest number among all wards in Brent. According to local Metropolitan Police data, Stonebridge ward experiences a high level of crime, with 702 anti-social behaviour (ASB) incidents recorded in the year up to August 2025. In 2023, 64 violent crimes were reported.

The Brent Council's Cumulative Impact Zone (CIZ) Review indicates that Stonebridge is among the most affected wards for alcohol-related offences, with 55 police reports in 2021, suggesting that existing licensed premises might be contributing to these issues.

Data source	Relevant data	Licensing objection link
Met Police ward crime	Local data on crime types	High figures in these
data	such as anti-social	categories indicate that the
	behaviour (ASB), violence	area already struggles with
https://www.police.uk/pu/y	and sexual offences, and	ASB.
our-area/metropolitan-	public order are high in	
police-	Stonebridge.	
service/stonebridge/		
[accessed 27 th October	702 instances of ASB	
2025]	recorded in the past 12	
	months to August 2025.	
Met Police ward crime	Data on violence	Links between alcohol and
data (London Datastore)	with/without injury indicates	violence are well
	that the Stonebridge ward in	established, and the

¹ Data are primarily available at the ward, borough and Integrated Care Board level; more disaggregated local data is not available. Additionally, several of the datasets identified for this application area are some years out of date.

https://data.london.gov.uk /dataset/mps-recorded- crime-geographic- breakdown-exy3m/ [accessed 24th October 2025] Brent Council Cumulative	Brent is high in comparison to other wards within the Borough. 42 incidents of violence without injury and 22 incidents with injury were recorded in 2023. Data from a Cumulative Impact Zone review shows	Stonebridge ward has been heavily impacted by violent crime in recent years. An additional alcohol license could potentially exacerbate these issues within the ward. High number of alcohol-related offences reported in
https://democracy.brent.gov.uk/documents/s127376/ 14a.%20Appendix%20A%2 0- %20Cumulative%20Impact%20Zone%20review.pdf [accessed 27th October 2025]	that the Stonebridge ward was one of the most impacted wards (in 2021) from reported alcohol offences (55 police reports).	related offences reported in the ward means that area might not be suitable for additional licenses.
Brent Cumulative Impact Zone Review (CIZ) https://democracy.brent.g ov.uk/documents/s127376/ 14a.%20Appendix%20A%2 0- %20Cumulative%20Impact %20Zone%20review.pdf [accessed 24th October]	Data from 2021 shows that the Stonebridge ward experienced the greatest number of total notifiable offences (TNO) when compared with other borough wards. The total was 2,627, which represented 9.5% of all recorded crime across the borough.	Crime rates have, historically, been very high in the Stonebridge ward. There is a risk that additional licensed premises in the ward could have a negative impact of crime in the area.

Furthermore, Met Police data for the previous 12 months (October 2024 – 2025) shows that there were 94 Anti-Social Behaviour Incidents on the St Raphael's Estate that were reported to Police, 60% of which were for incidents recorded as 'Rowdy or Inconsiderate behaviour' (Met Police Data).

Public safety

The Brent JSNA (2023) indicates a higher rate of drug misuse compared to the national average (10.3% vs. 8.9%). The connection between drug and alcohol abuse suggests that expanding licensed premises could exacerbate substance misuse issues. ONS (2025) reports an increase in drug poisoning deaths from 17 in 2023 to 21 in 2024. This data suggests that greater alcohol availability might intensify substance abuse problems.

Data source	Relevant data	Licensing objection link
DHSC Public Health	Data from DHSC Public	Demonstrates that alcohol
profiles	Health profiles shows that	misuse is already a

https://fingertips.phe.org. uk/search/alcohol [accessed 24th October 2025] Brent Joint Strategic Needs Assessment	the total number of alcohol-specific admissions in Brent was 2,120 for the year 2023/24 (738 per 100,000 people). This has been increasing every year since 2020/21. This places Brent 5 th in the worst areas in London for alcohol-specific admissions. For context, Hammersmith and Fulham is the worst borough for alcohol-specific admissions – 1,073 per 100,000 people. Drug misuse in the general population is estimated	significant public health risk that strains emergency services, which an additional license will compound. Links between drug and alcohol (ab)use are well
(JSNA) (2023)Drug and	higher than the regional and	established, and there is a
Alcohol Needs	national prevalence, Brent	risk that an additional
Assessment	at 10.3% compared to 8.9%	licensed premises would
hatta a Malada Baranda wa wa walada	nationally.	exacerbate substance
https://data.brent.gov.uk/d		abuse issues within the
ownload/23l5d/gkj/Brent%		ward.
20Drug%20and%20Alcoho I%20Needs%20Assessme		
nt%20AV.pdf [accessed		
27 th October 2025]		
ONS (2025) Deaths related	The number of drug deaths	As above, there are well
to drug poisoning by local	in Brent is moderately high	established links between
authority, England and	relative to other outer	drug and alcohol use.
Wales	London boroughs. In 2024,	Although the data available
https://www.ons.gov.uk/pe	there were 21 deaths by	is at a borough level, there
<u>oplepopulationandcommu</u>	drug poisoning. This figure	is some evidence to show
nity/birthsdeathsandmarri	increased from 17 reported	that deaths by drug
ages/deaths/datasets/drug	deaths in 2023.	poisoning is a significant
<u>misusedeathsbylocalauth</u>		public health issue in Brent.
ority [accessed 27 th		
October 2025]		

Prevention of public nuisance

Data source	Relevant data	Licensing objection link
Met Police ASB data	In the period from July 2024	ASB can greatly impact a
	to September 2025, there were 172 recorded anti-	local community, especially

https://data.london.gov.uk	social behaviour (ASB)	where alcohol or substance
/dataset/mps-	offences in the Stonebridge	use causes public nuisance.
antisocialbehaviour-	ward. The recorded	
2k533/ [accessed 27 th	offences were related to	
October 2025]	alcohol consumption, drug	
	consumption, noisy and/or	
	inconsiderate behaviour.	

Protection of children from harm

Census data reveals that nearly one-third of Stonebridge residents are children and young people.

Data source	Relevant data	Licensing objection link
ONS (2022) Custom Area	Drawing on 2021 census	This data helps demonstrate
Profile – Stonebridge	data, the proportion of	the vulnerability of the area
	children and young people	and the proximity of the
https://www.ons.gov.uk/vi	(0-19) within the	proposed premises to
sualisations/customprofile	Stonebridge ward is close to	places where children live
s/build/#E05013510	one third (29.6%).	and are likely to frequent.
[accessed 29 th October		
2025]		
Brent School and	There is a high density of	Licensed premises near
planning area map	primary schools within the	schools raise concerns
	Stonebridge ward,	about the protection of
https://democracy.brent.g	according to the area map.	children from harm objective
ov.uk/documents/s35204/L		specifically.
eopold%20App1%20-		
%20School%20and%20pla		
nning%20area%20map.pdf		
[accessed 29 th October		
2025]		